

US EPA ARCHIVE DOCUMENT

# CanMETOP modeling of Hexachlorobenzene- a progress in 2007

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## Last Chicago BTS meeting

# What do we do next?

- More reliable emission data, accounting for historical agricultural application of HCB accumulated in North America soils
- Run CanMETOP with high spatial resolution (24km x 24km) using new emission inventory
- Run and integrate CanMETOP with low resolution (35km x 35km) using historical emission inventory from the 1970s through 2000s
- Tracking North America sources of HCB over the GL

## Global amount of HCB in soils in 2000

ton	Half-life (yr)
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1170	2.7
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5410	5.7
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17000	11.7
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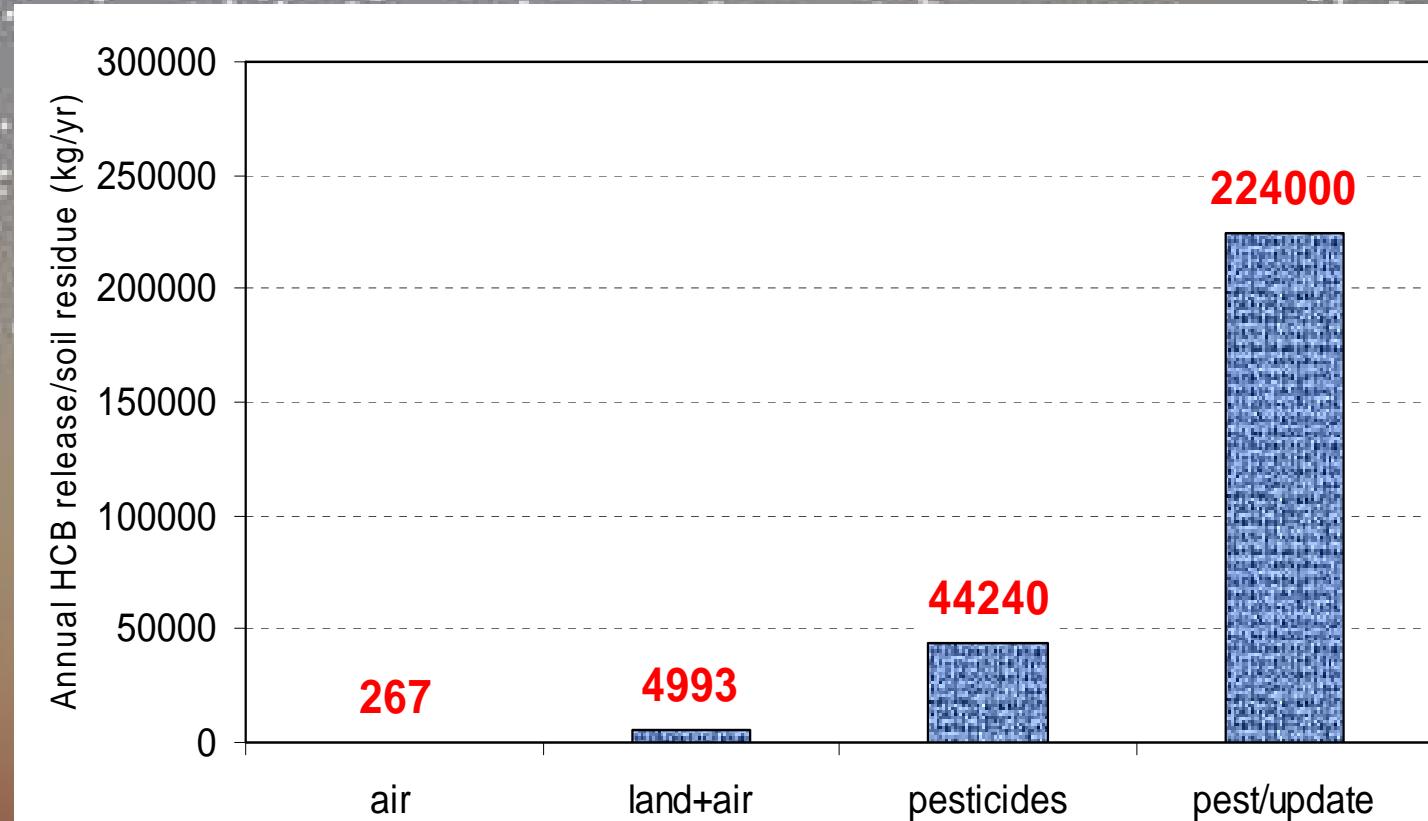
-Jonathan et al, 2005

## Canada and US in 2000

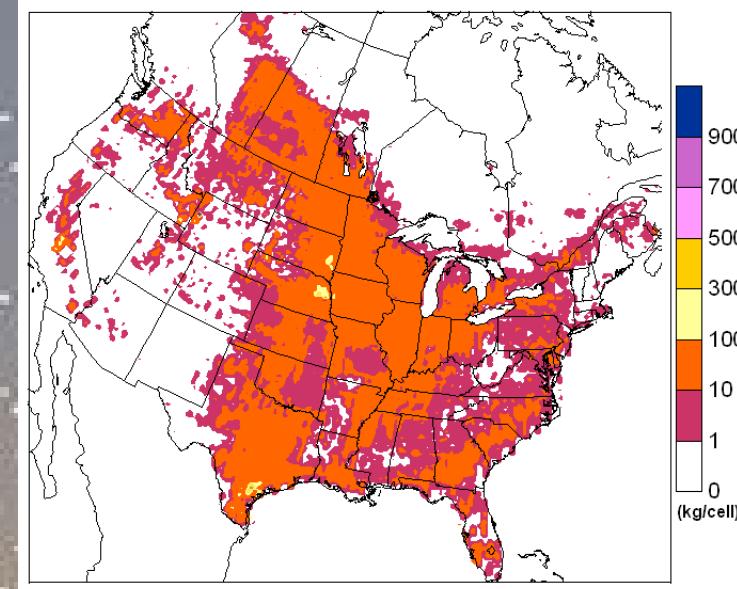
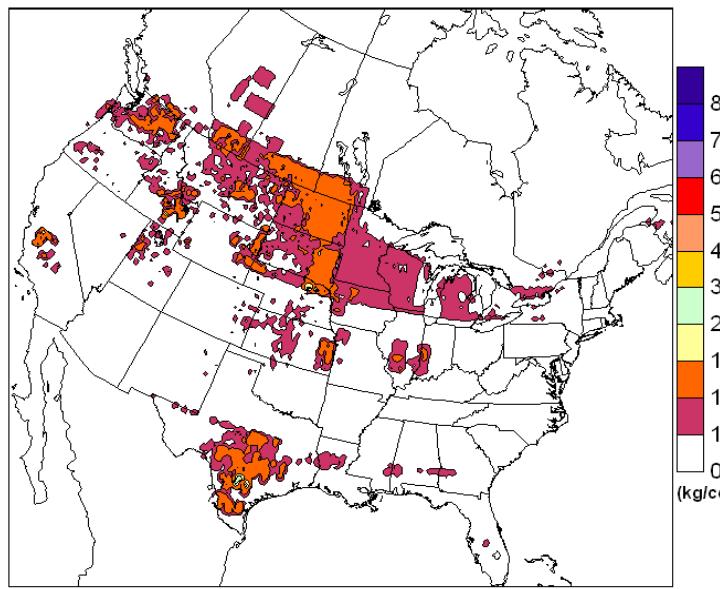
241 ton

## Task 1

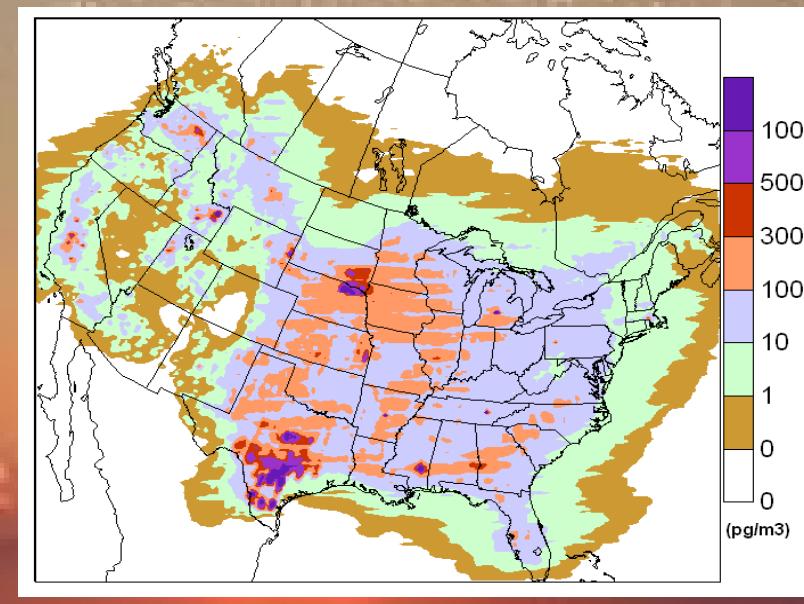
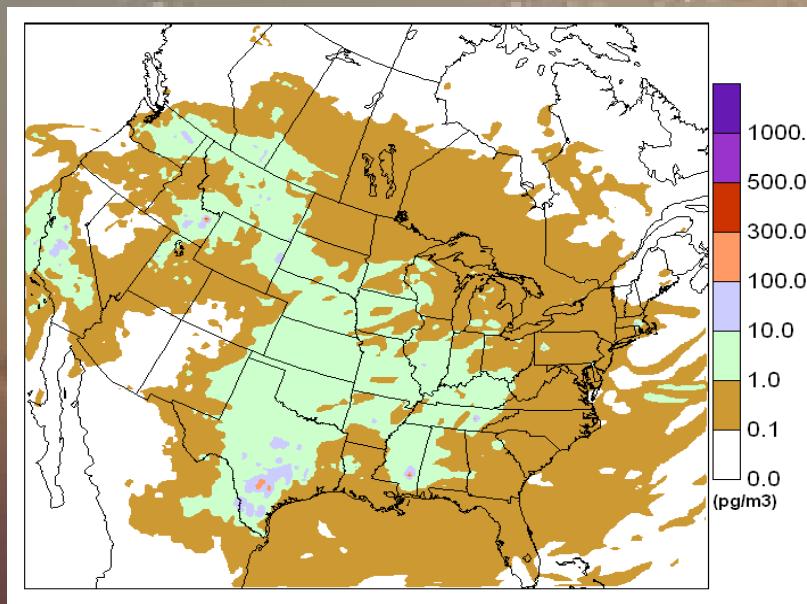
Update emission and soil residues from historical pesticides application



Annual air/land release of HCB in the US from USEPA TRI emission inventory and annual soil residue of HCB in the US and Canada from historical pesticides application in 2001 (Unit:  $\text{kg yr}^{-1}$ )



Old (left) and updated (right) HCB soil residues in agricultural lands in 2000



Modeled daily HCB air concentration at 1.5 m averaged over summer 2000 using old (left) and updated (right) HCB soil residues in agricultural lands

## Task 2: High resolution model run

### Numerical Experiments setup: 4 scenarios

Scenario 1. TRI air release data

Scenario 2. TRI air and land release data

Scenario 3. Soil residues from historical pesticides application

Scenario 4. Updated soil residues over agricultural land

Model run: from January 1<sup>st</sup> 2000 to January 1<sup>st</sup> 2002

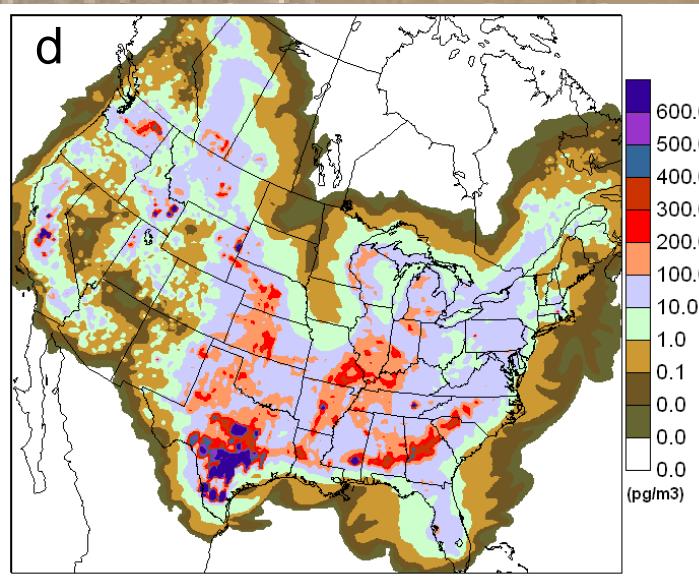
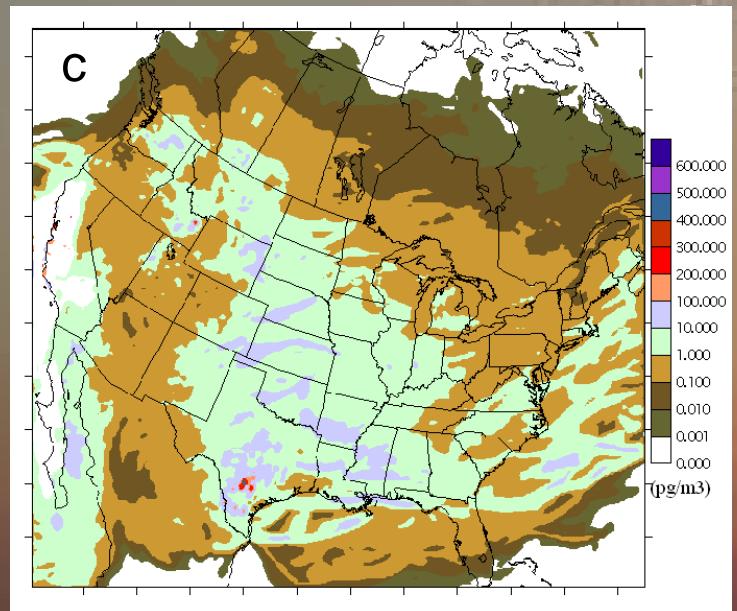
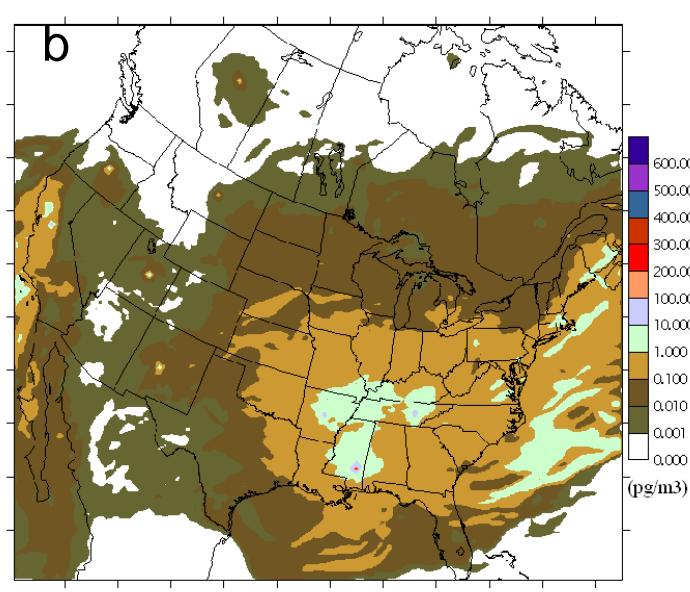
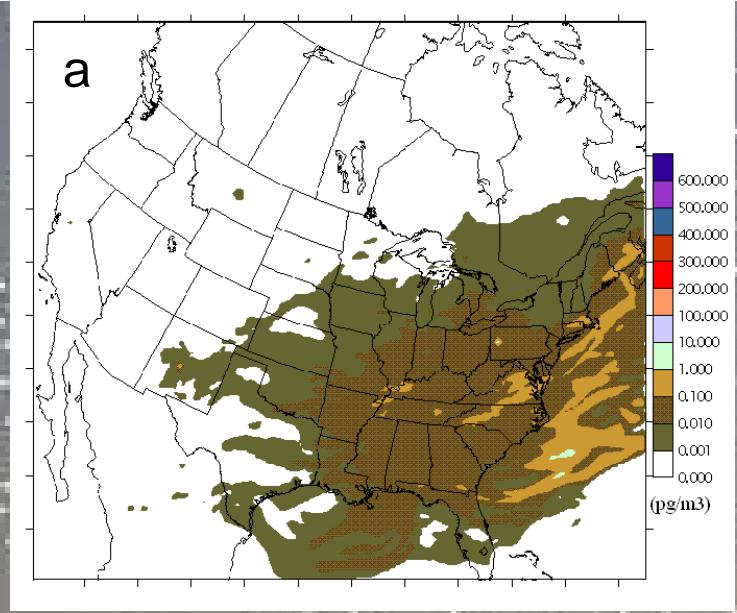
Initial condition:

1 HCB air release data on a state level in the US was treated as area sources which were emitted continuously throughout the year

2 Land releases were assumed to be absorbed to soils and air releases were assumed to be deposited 100% to soils. Both releases data were added to form soil concentration

3 Soil residues from historical application of pesticides (HCB as a fungicide, atrazine, dacthal, lindane, Pentachloronitrobenzene...) in the US and Canada

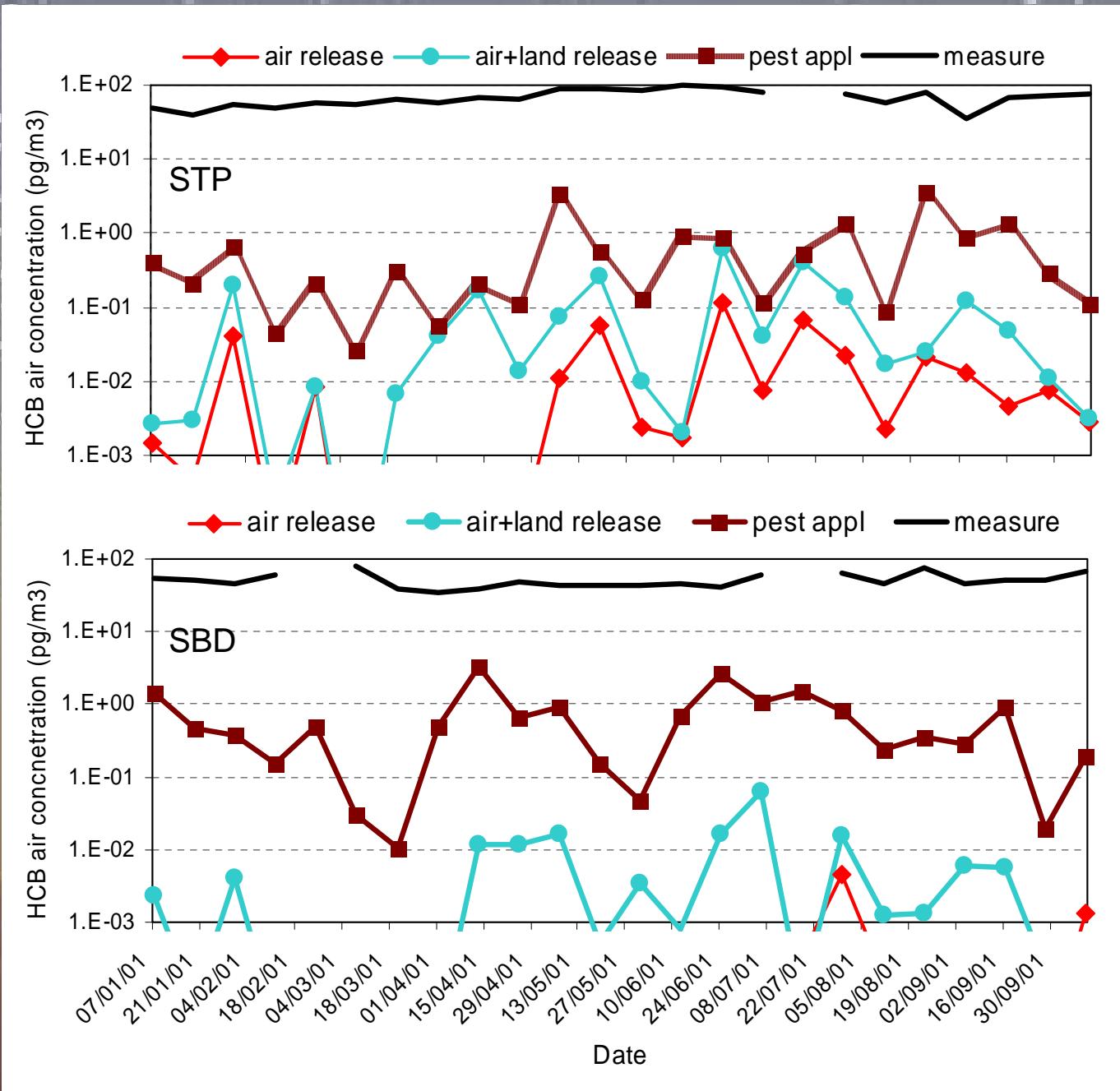
4 Same as Scenario 3 but updating soil residues



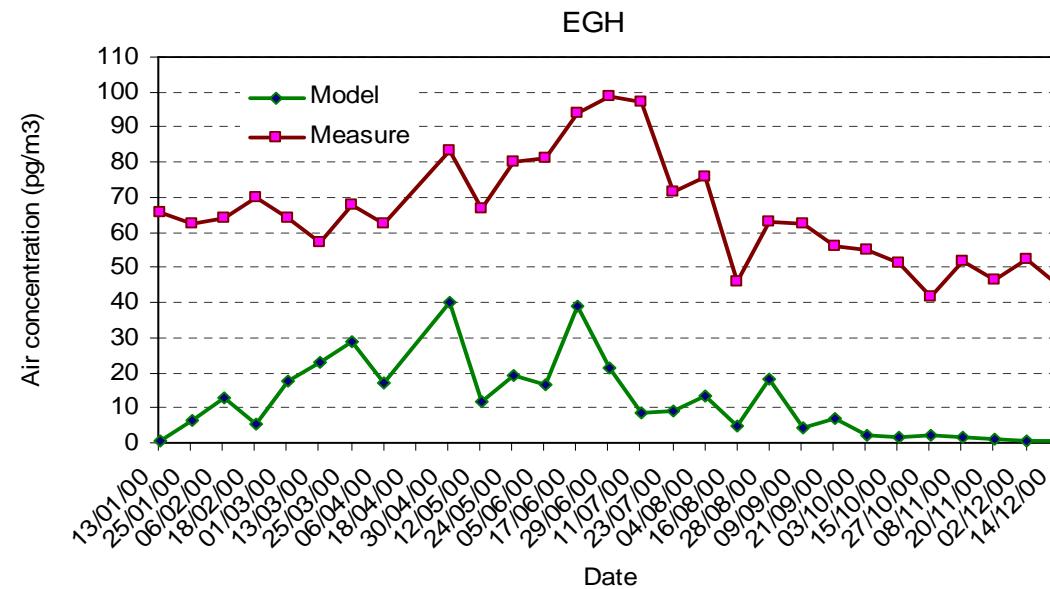
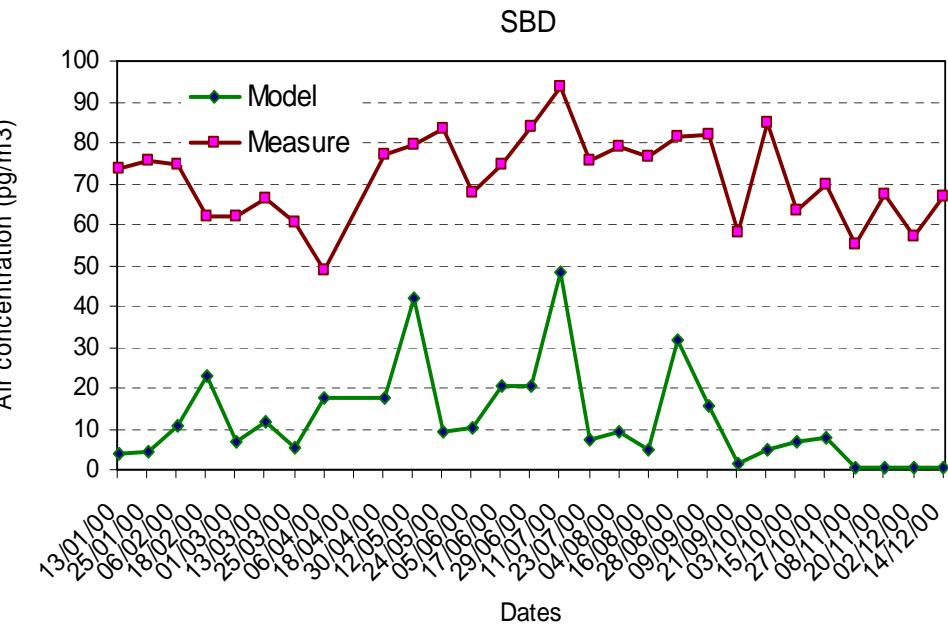
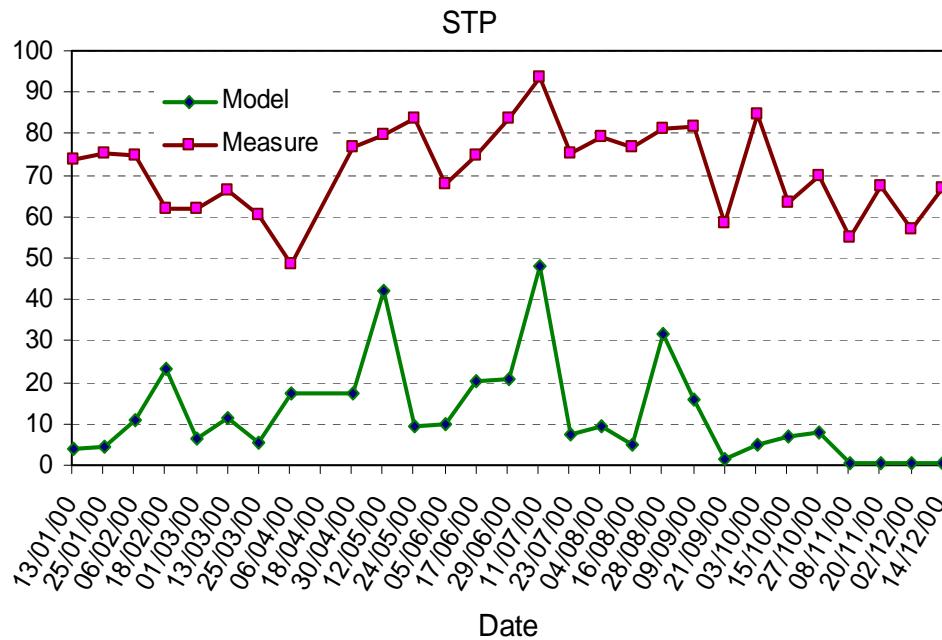
Modeled HCB air concentration at 1.5 m averaged over summer 2001.

- a.Scenario 1
- b.Scenario 2
- c.Scenario 3
- d.Scenario 4

24 km x 24 km resolution, meteorological data from GEM

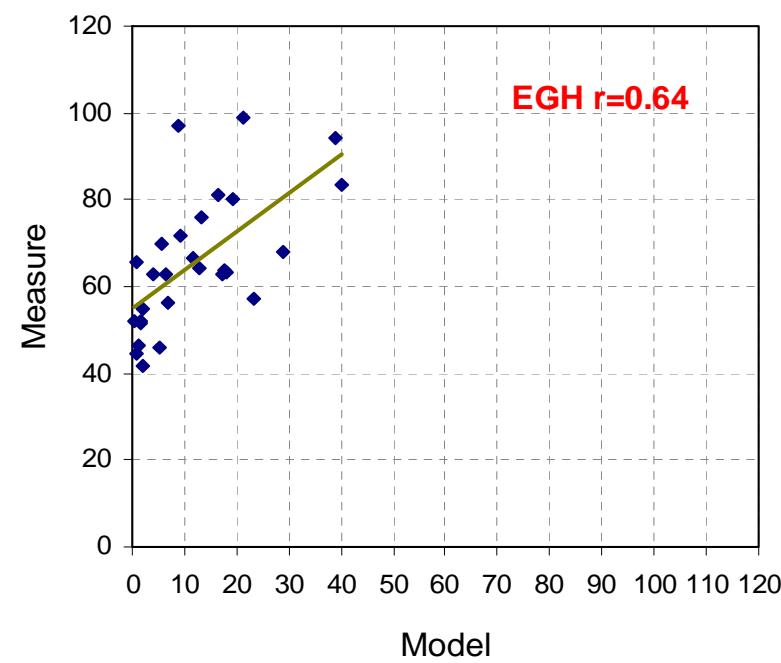
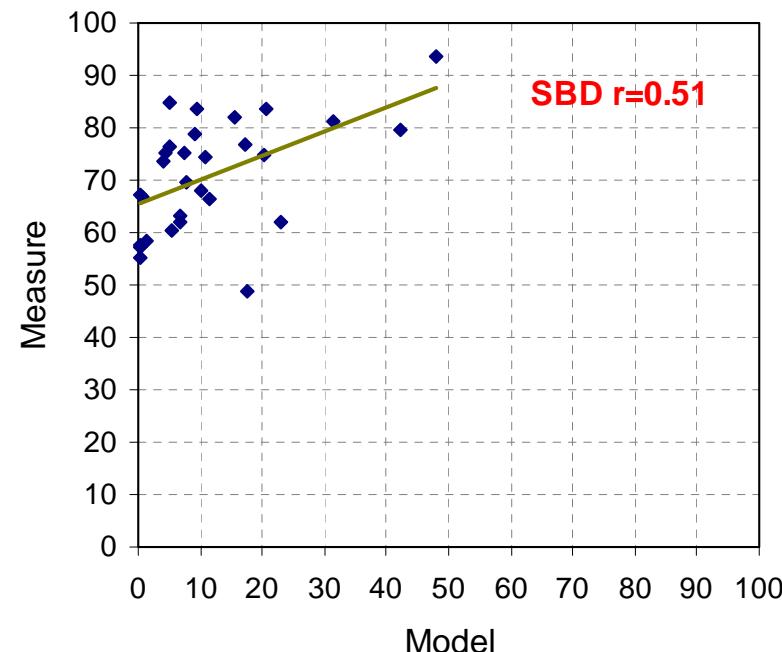
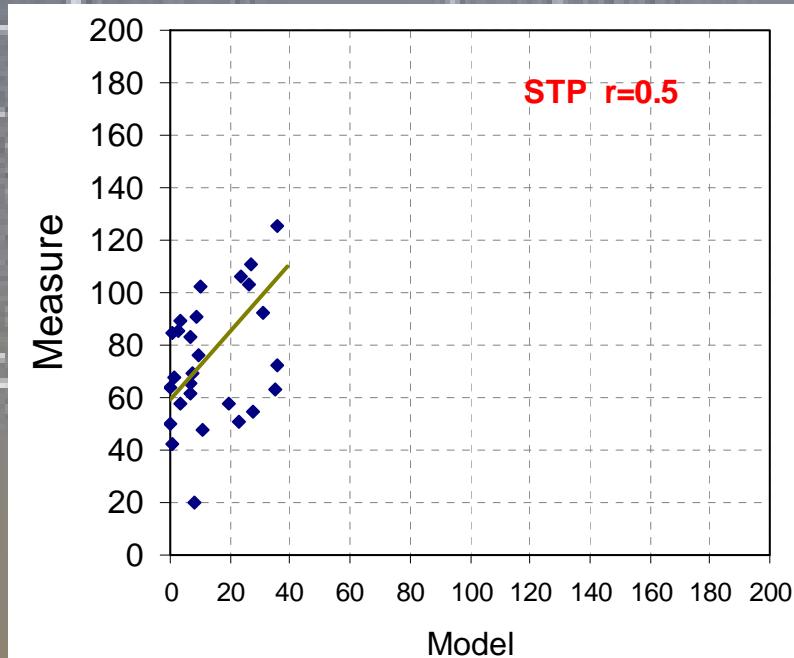


CanMETOP modeled and IADN measured air concentration (pg m<sup>-3</sup>) at a: Sturgeon Point (STP, Lake Erie); b: Sleeping Bear Dune (SBD, Lake Michigan)



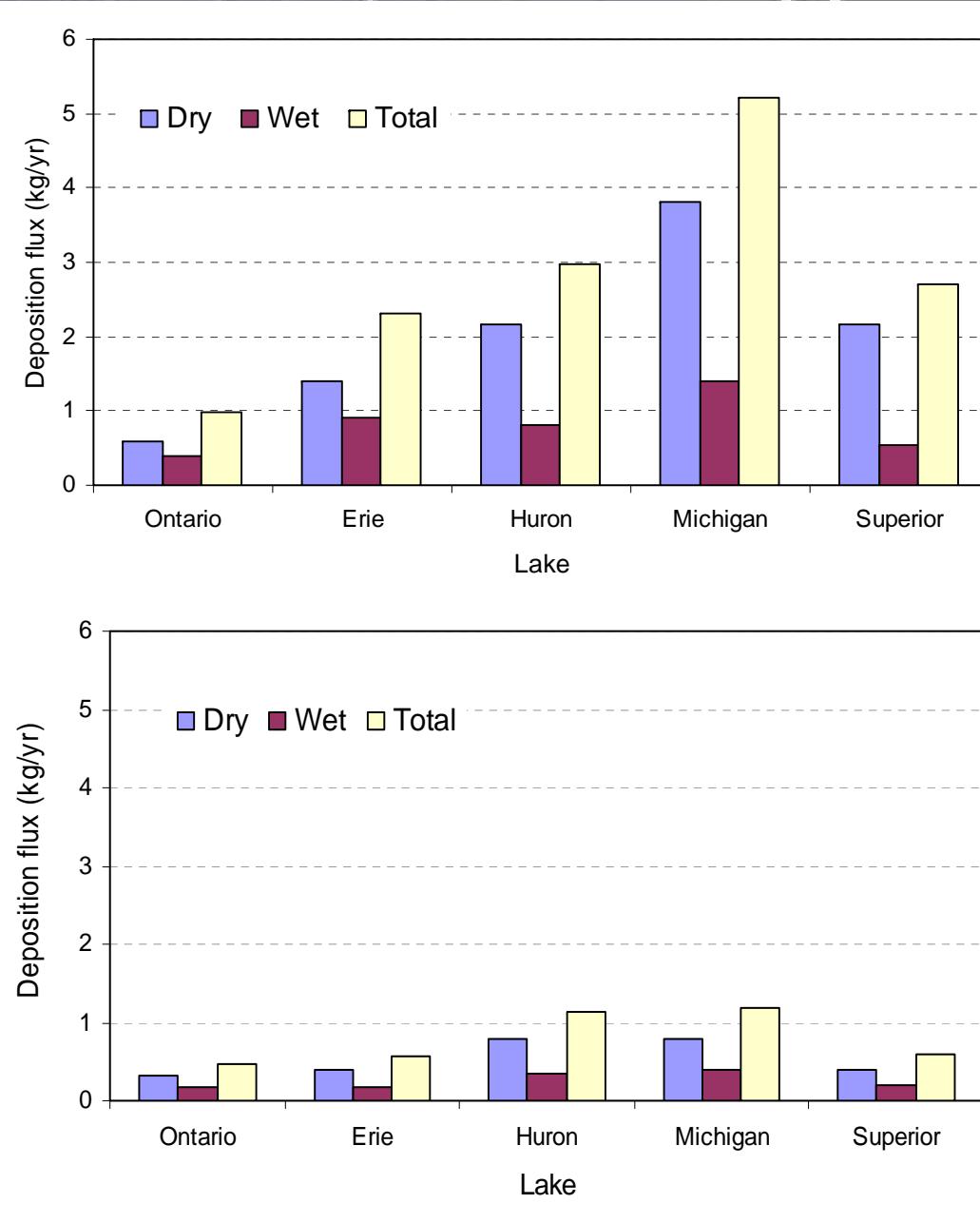
CanMETOP modeled and IADN measured air concentration ( $\text{pg m}^{-3}$ ) in 2000 at STP (Lake Erie); SBD (Lake Michigan) and EGH (Lake Superior)

# Comparing modeled and monitored air concentration



## Wet deposition in 2000 ( $\text{kg yr}^{-1}$ )

Superior	
Model	IADN
1.40	0.84
Michigan	
Model	IADN
0.55	0.99

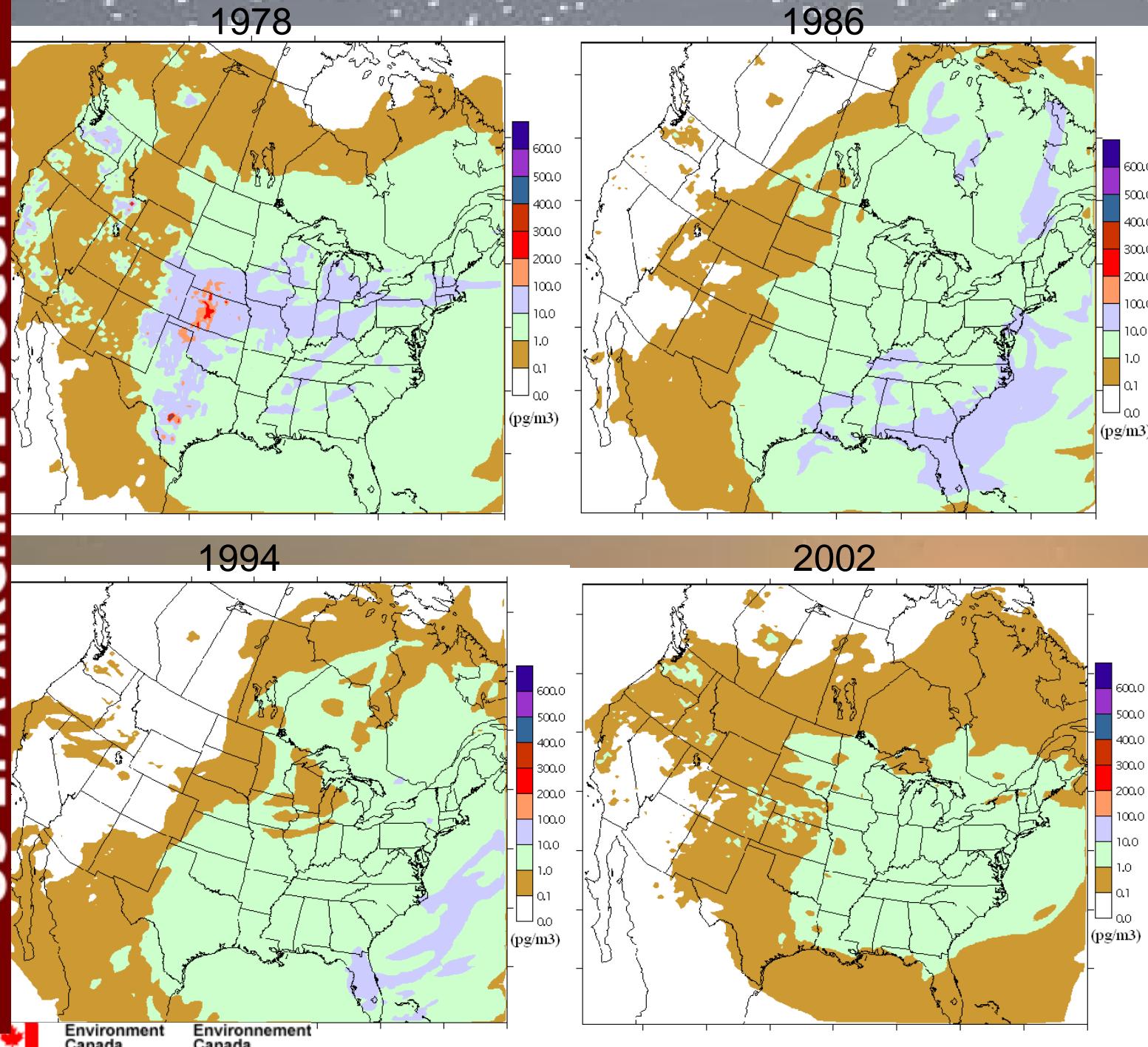


Modeled annual dry and wet deposition fluxes ( $\text{kg yr}^{-1}$ ) to the Great Lakes

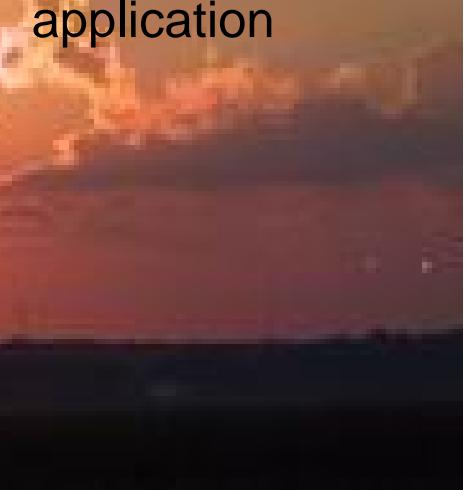
Year 2000

Year 2001

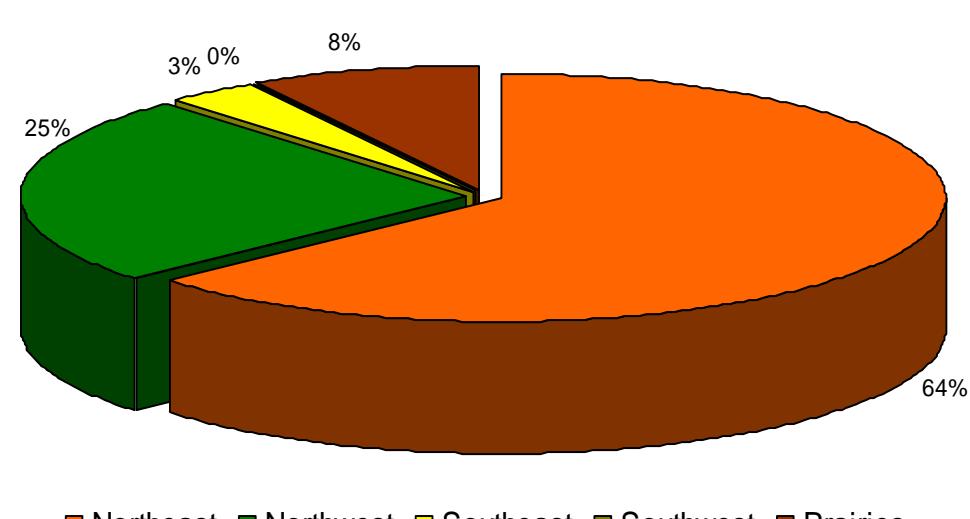
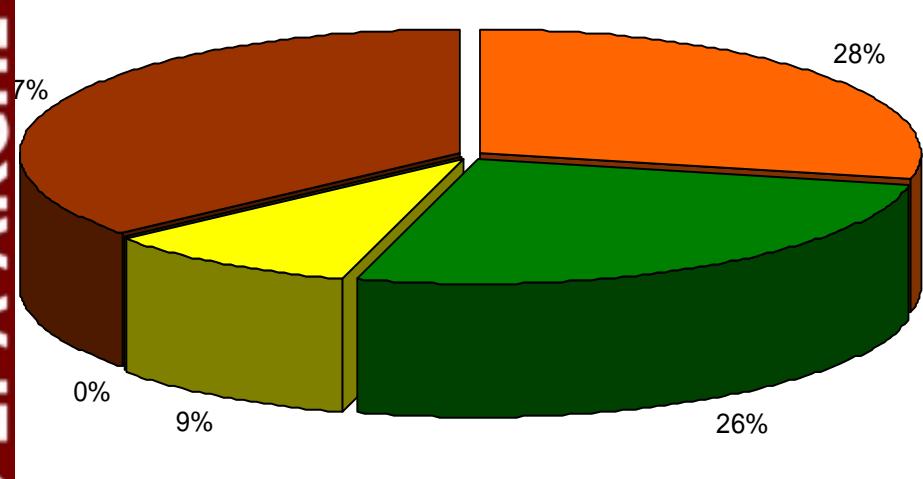
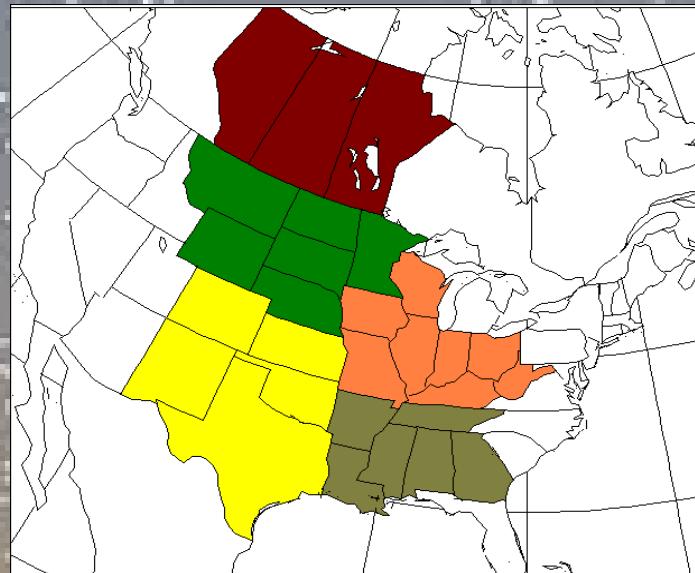
# Task 3 26 years run from 1978-2003



35 km x 35 km  
resolution,  
meteorological  
data from NCEP  
reanalysis; soil  
residue data  
from pesticide  
application



## Task 4



Contribution of sources to air concentration over the Great Lakes

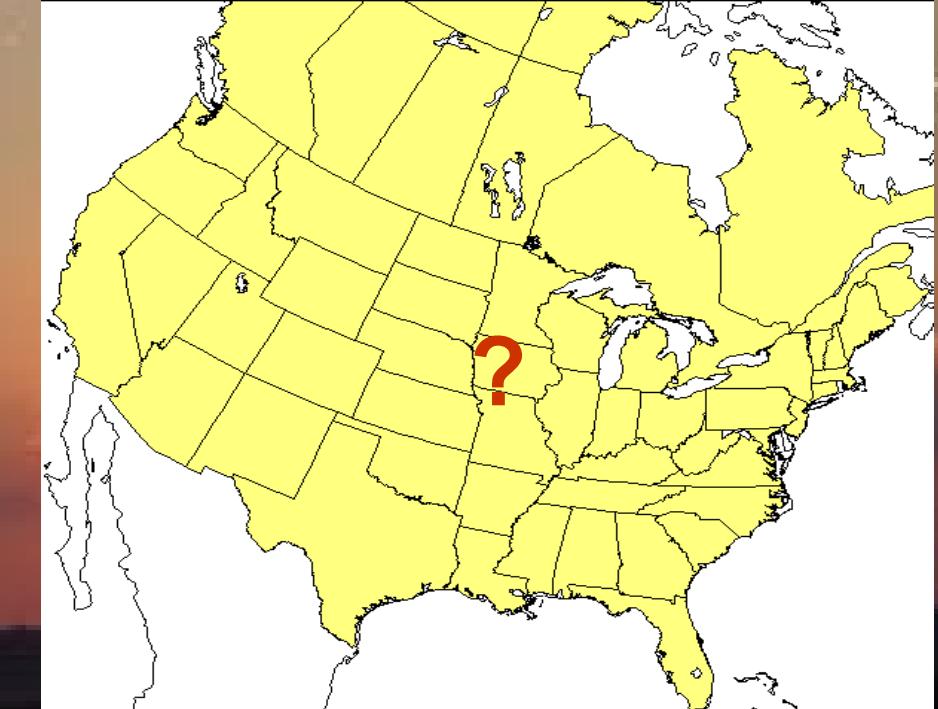
## Remaining work

- Complete computation of water/air exchange for 2000-2001
- Run CanMETOP for 1978-2003 using updated soil residue data
- Complete multiple scenario runs for assessing impact of sources on the GL in 2001
- Submit report of HCB project in April 2008

# Further study: a proposal

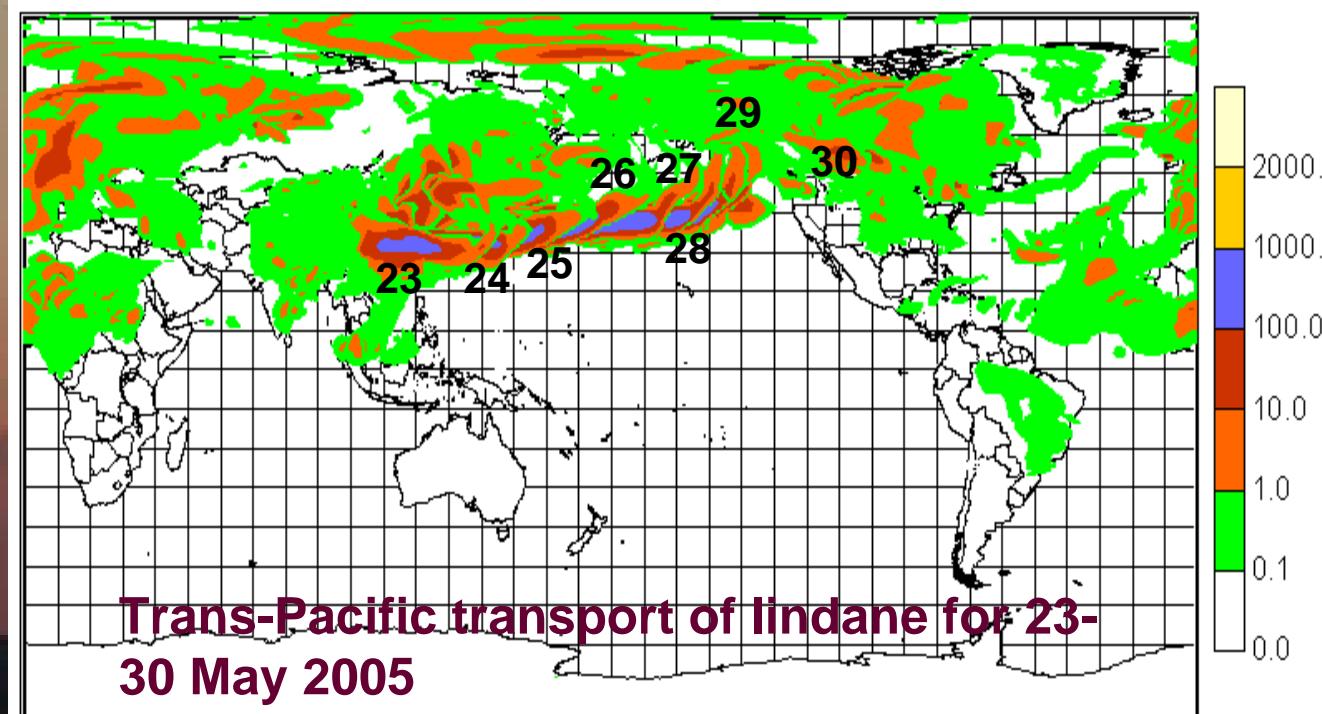
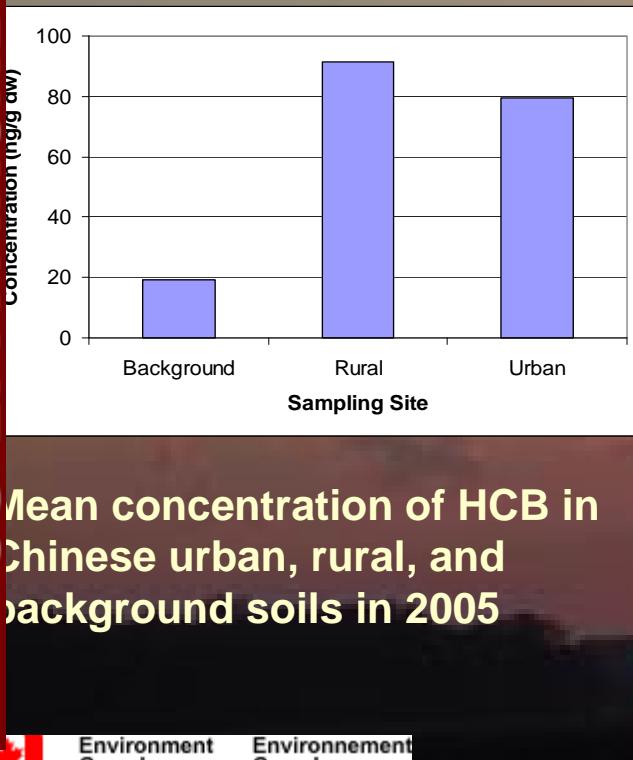
US – Canada – China soil sampling, comparison, and atmospheric transport of HCB  
to the Great Lakes

- Collect 50 soil samples in China and 20 in North America
- Analyze HCB level in China and North America rural, urban and background soils
- Establish reliable HCB (and other toxics) soil emission inventory in NA and Asia
- Using regional- and global-scale CanMETOP to investigate regional and trans-Pacific transport of HCB and their impact on its budget over the Great Lakes



# International Joint Research Center for Persistent Toxic Substances (IJRC-PTS) - Harbin Institute of Technology, China

- Canada - China Joint Project on Reduction of Lindane Usage in China and its Impact Globally and on North America
- IPY program: INCATPA





A photograph of a sunset or sunrise over a body of water. The sky is filled with scattered clouds, transitioning from a deep blue at the top to warm orange and yellow hues near the horizon. The sun is partially visible, casting a bright glow and creating a reflection on the dark water below.

# Thank you

